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Emerald Overview

- 1967年成立于英国 Bradford, 具有近60年的学术出版历史
- 学科主要涉及管理学、图情学、工程学等







Influence & Impact

- 世界主要的人文社科学术出版社之一
- 客户和作者群覆盖: 泰晤士高等教育TOP 200高校 金融时报TOP 100 商学院



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Emerald资源介绍

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23 市场营销

20 房地产管理与 建筑环境

25



Emerald 管理学核心期刊

- Emerald管理学核心刊物有77本,其中,Q1区刊物有38本,Q2区刊物有25本
- Emerald期刊大部分为主题性期刊





管理学Q1核心刊物推荐(1)

Operations, Logistics & Quality

运营物流与质量管理学科合集所有期刊均为Scopus收录,其中87%期刊为WOS收录,文章年均下载量高达320万次;



International Journal of Operations & Production Management 《经营与生产管理国际期刊》 2022 IF: 9.9



Journal of Manufacturing Technology Management 《生产工艺管理杂志》 2022 IF: 7.6

主题范围覆盖:供应链管理、 质量控制、生产管理、冷链 管理、绿色供应链、服务管 理、技术管理等。



Supply Chain Management: An International Journal 《供应链管理》 2022 IF: 8.8



The International Journal of Logistics Management 《物流管理》 2022 IF: 7.5



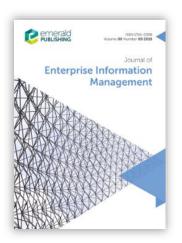
管理学Q1核心刊物推荐 (2)

Information & Knowledge Management

信息与知识管理合集内92%为WOS收录期刊,包括世界著名的知识管理期刊Journal of Knowledge Management 和"万维网"术语发源期刊 Internet Research。该学科合集主题范围包括大数据、电子商务、物联网、人工智能等。



Internet Research 《因特网研究》 2022 IF 5.9



Journal of Enterprise Information
Management
《企业信息管理杂志》

2023 IF 7.4



Journal of Knowledge Management 《知识管理杂志》

2022 IF 7.0



管理学Q1核心刊物推荐(3)

Accounting, Finance & Economics

会计、金融与经济学合集内93%为WOS收录期刊,文章年下载量约320万次,主题范围包括:人力资本管理、数字会计和会计信息系统、风险管理战略等。



Sustainability Accounting
Management and Policy Journal
《可持续性会计、管理与政策》
2022 IF 4.5



China Agricultural Economic Review 《中国农业经济评论》 2022 IF 5.1



International Journal of Manpower 《人力资源国际期刊》 2022 IF 4.4



管理学Q1核心刊物推荐 (4)

Education



Education + Training 《教育与培训》 2022 IF 3.6



Journal of Professional Capital and Community 《专业资本与共同体》 2022 IF 3.8



教育管理学科合集内96%的期刊为WOS 收录,年下载量约为120万次,主题范围 涵盖教育管理与领导力、商科教育、远程 教育、教育技术、职业教育与培训等话题。



管理学Q1核心刊物推荐 (5)

HR & Learning & Organization Studies

人力资源与组织研究学科合集92%期刊为 WOS收录,文章年下载量约430万次。

主题范围涵盖:人才管理、组织管理、职业发展、绩效管理、性别与组织等。



Gender in Management: An International Journal 《性别与管理》 2022 IF 3.7



Work and Organisations 《人事评论:关于人、工作与组织期刊》 **2022 IF 3.9**

Personnel Review: A Journal of People,



管理学Q1核心刊物推荐 (6)

Other Subject Collections



Journal of Service Management 《服务管理杂志》 2022 IF 10.6



Journal of Research in Interactive
Marketing
《互动营销研究》
2023 IF 9.6



International Journal of Contemporary
Hospitality Management
《当代服务业管理国际期刊》
2022 IF 11.1



管理学Q2核心刊物列表

Title	中文刊名	IF
Accounting, Auditing & Accountability Journal	会计、审计与职责杂志	4.2
International Journal of Islamic and Middle Eastern Finance and Management	伊斯兰和中东财政管理	3.0
Managerial Auditing Journal	管理审计杂志	2.9
European Journal of Innovation Management	欧洲革新管理杂志	5.1
International Journal of Conflict Management	冲突管理国际期刊	3.3
International Journal of Emerging Markets	新兴市场国际期刊	2.7
International Journal of Entrepreneurial Behavior & Research	企业家行为与研究国际期刊	5.5
International Journal of Sustainability in Higher Education	高等教育可持续发展国际期刊	3.1
Employee Relations	雇员关系	3.4
Journal of Managerial Psychology	管理心理学杂志	3.2
Leadership & Organization Development Journal	领导与组织发展杂志	4.9
Industrial Management & Data Systems	工业管理与数据系统	5.5
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International Journal of Climate Change Strategies and Management	气候变化战略与管理国际期刊	3.6



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Title	中文刊名	IF
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Online Information Review	在线信息评论	3.1
International Journal of Bank Marketing	银行市场学	5.3
International Marketing Review	国际营销评论	5.0
Journal of Product & Brand Management	产品与品牌管理杂志	5.6
International Journal of Lean Six Sigma	精益六西格玛国际期刊	4.0
International Journal of Physical Distribution & Logistics Management	物资流通与后勤管理国际期刊	6.7
Engineering, Construction and Architectural Management	工程结构与建筑管理	4.1
British Food Journal	英国食品杂志	3.3
Policing: An International Journal	治安	2.0
Journal of Hospitality and Tourism Technology	旅游与酒店管理技术	4.7
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- Journal of Capital Market Studies
- International Hospitality Review

中国地区

- International Journal of Crowd Science
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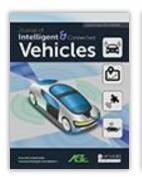














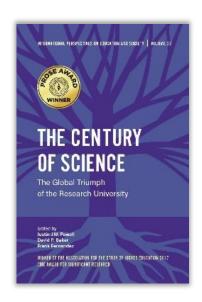


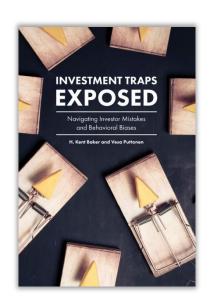
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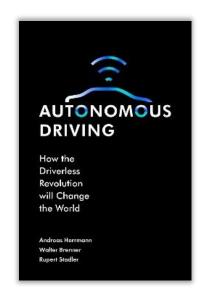
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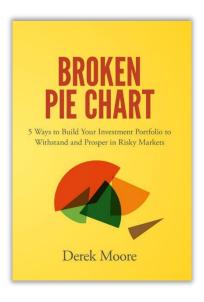
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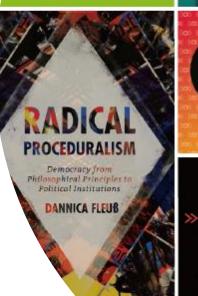
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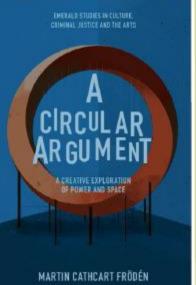
- 3900+册电子图书, 其中80%以上为BKCI收录, 90%以上为Scopus收录。
- 《工商管理与及经济学》专集 (Business, Management & Economics)
- 《社会科学》专集 (Social Sciences)
- 电子书最早可追溯至1991年,作者来自140+国 家和地区的顶尖大学(例如。如牛津大学、芝 加哥大学、普林斯顿大学、麻省理工学院等)













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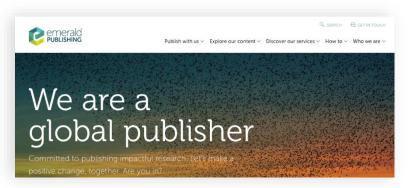
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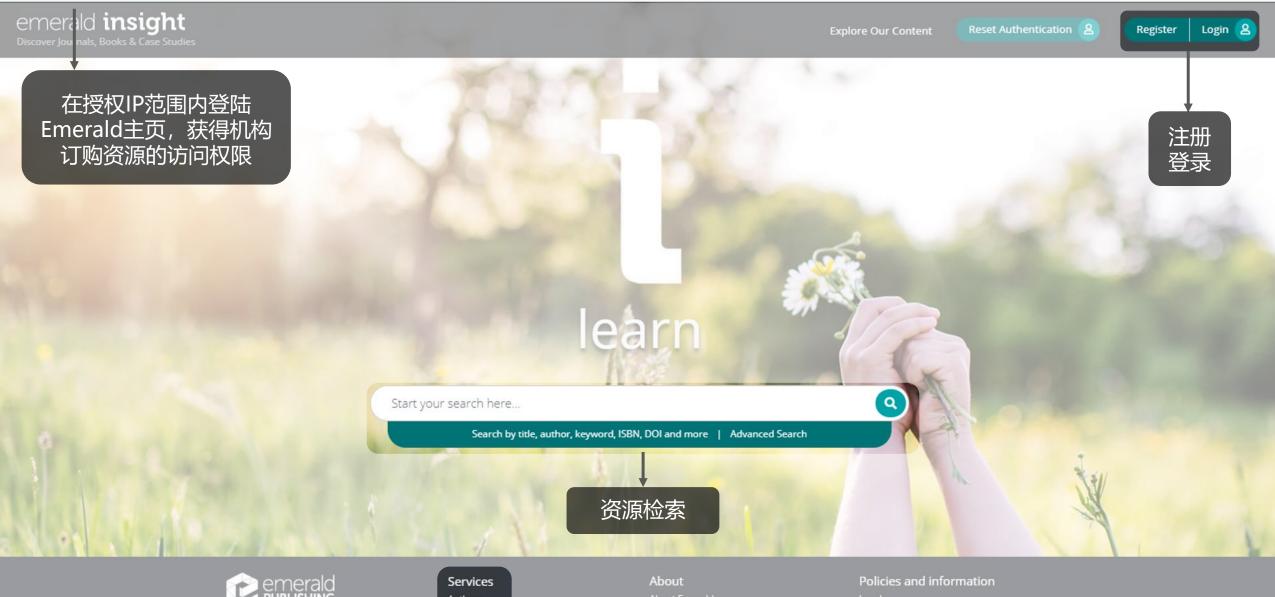
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网络讲座预告(10月17日)	24. 10. 15
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> ACM Digital Library-美国计算机协会数字图书馆全文数据库	简介	外文/期刊、会议	全文	1950年至今	计算机	
> OVID-CAB Abstracts农学文摘数据库(1990年至2024年5月)	简介	外文/期刊、会议论	文摘	1990年至2024年5月	农学	
> OVID-AGRICOLA农学文摘数据库(1970年至2024年5月)	简介	外文/期刊、专论、	文摘	1970年至2024年5月	农业、生物	
> 美国科学院院报PNAS	简介	外文/期刊	全文	1915年至今	生物、物理、社会科学	
> Emerald-全文期刊库(管理学)	简介	外文/期刊	全文		管理学	
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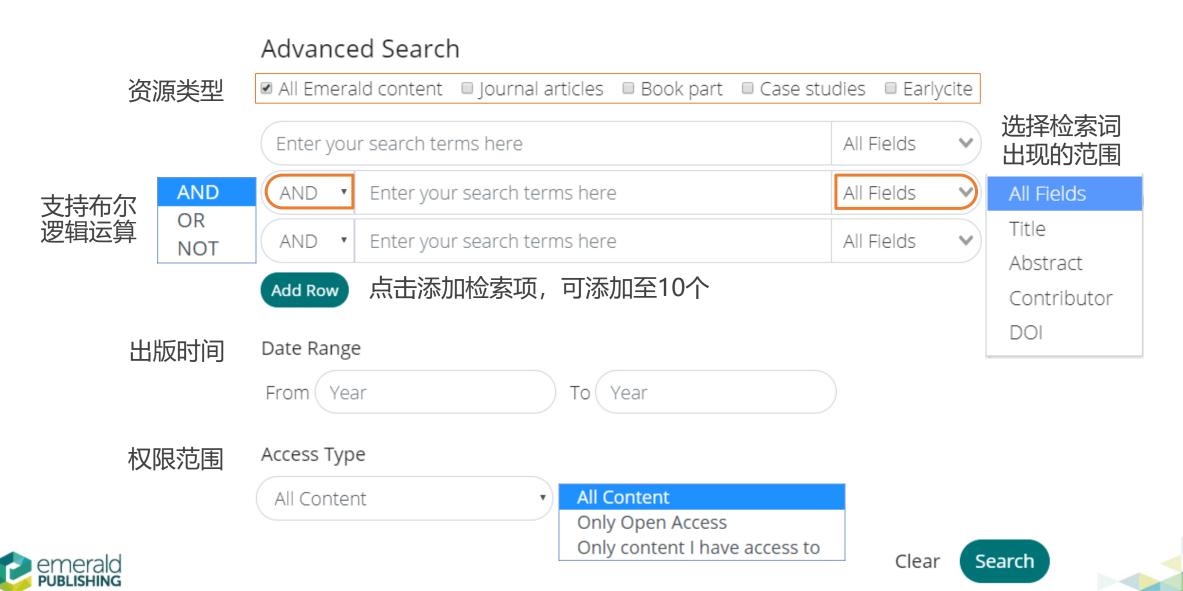
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检索结果

Article Publication date: 3 July 2007

Age and exposure to computers as determinants of attitudes of librarians towards automation in Nigerian universities

Stephen Osahon Uwaifo

The paper seeks to examine age and exposure to computers as determinants of librarians' attitudes towards library automation in Nigerian universities.

Hide summary and detail .

Abstract

完整摘要

Purpose

The paper seeks to examine age and exposure to computers as determinants of librarians' attitudes towards library automation in Nigerian universities.

Design/methodology/approach

The paper uses a survey approach to determine the attitudes of academic librarians in Nigeria.

Details

文章信息

Library Review, vol. 56 no. 6

Type: Research Article

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1108/00242530710760391

ISSN: 0024-2535

Keywords Computers Attitudes Librarians Universities Automation Nigeria

作者在Emerald出版的所有文章

Article

Publication date: 1 February 2006

The Role of Information Technology in Local Government Administration in Delta State Nigeria: A Case Study of Aniocha North and Aniocha South Local Government Areas

Stephen Osahon Uwaifo and Anthonia Chukwudumebi Kabadi

The study aims to examine the role of information technology in Local Government Administration in Delta State, using Aniocha North and Aniocha South Local Government...

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Article

Publication date: 1 January 2006

An Assessment of the Capacity - Building Programme on Information and Communication Technology, Organized by the Education Tax Fund, Nigeria

Stephen Osahon Uwaifo and Gracious Chukwunweike Omede

To improve ICT processes and basic IT education of information professionals.

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Abstract

Introduction

Objectives of the study

Research hypotheses

Literature review

Research methodology

Data analysis and discussion

Conclusion and

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Category: Library and Information Studies

- Volume 66
 - Issue 8/9 2017
 - Issue 6/7 2017
 - Issue 4/5 2017
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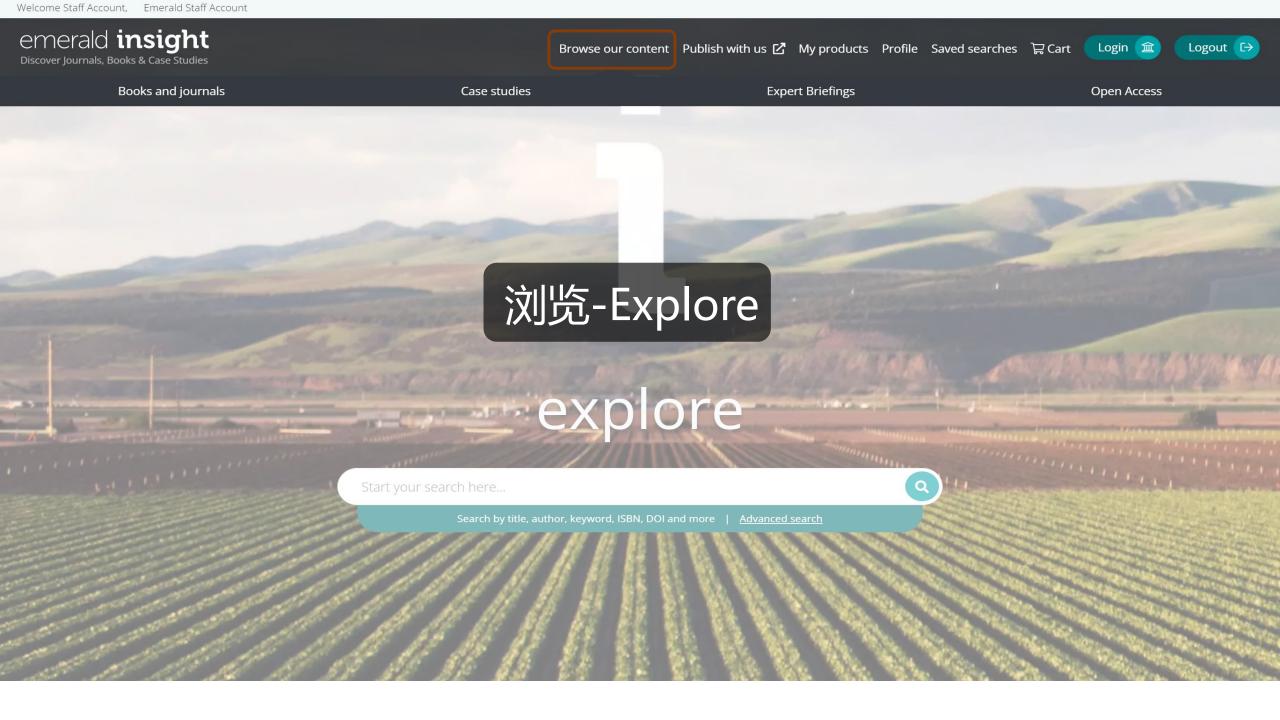
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Introduction

The university is a center of excellence; as the apex of the educational system, the main aims and objectives of the university are to teach, conduct research, as well as provide public service to the people Bargh et al. (2000) 点击文献,查看详情

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Bargh, C., Bocock, J., Scott, P. and Smith, D. (2000), *University Leadership: The Role of the Chief Executive*, Society for Research into Higher Education and Open University Press, Buckingham, p. 2.



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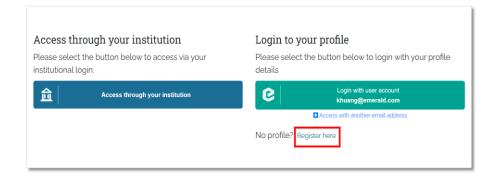
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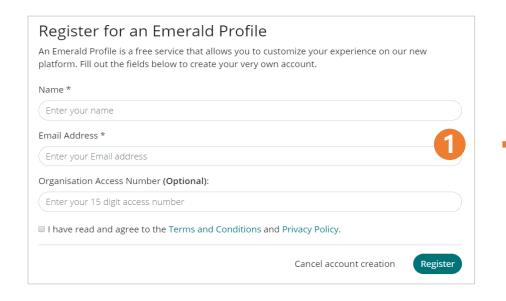
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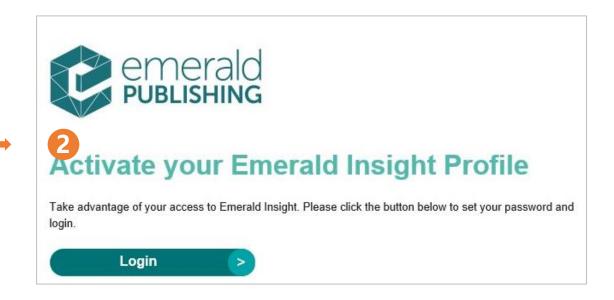


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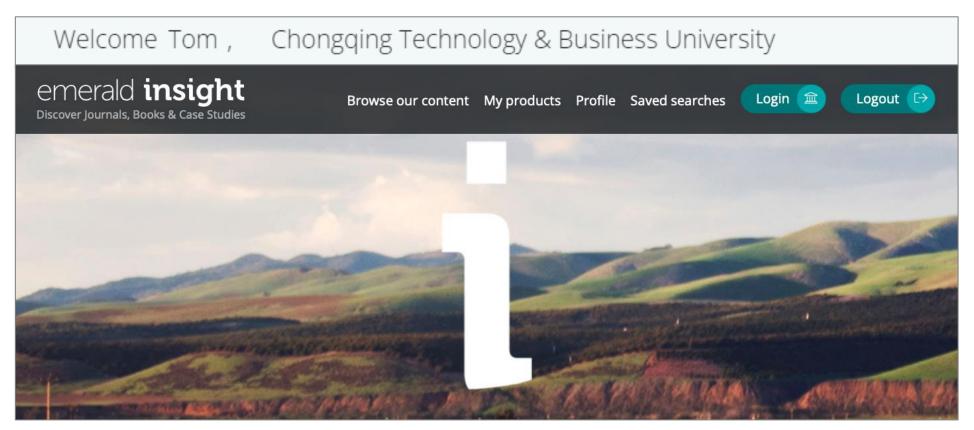






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密码设置完成后,直接跳转登陆状态,显示您的账户和机构名称



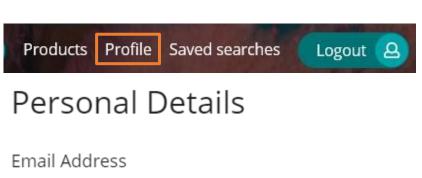


Emerald 远程访问

IP范围外访问Emerald资源。发送以下信息至 service@emeraldinsight.com.cn 获取机构码Organisation Access Number (OAN)

机构名称	
学院	
姓名	
邮箱	
电话	
职称	

登陆Emerald个人账户,进入Profile,添加获得的**机构码OAN**



jxu@emeraldinsight.com

Salutation

Ms Juno Xu

Change Password

Linked organisations

Add Organisation Access Number









Writing An Academic Paper - From a publisher's perspective

论文类型 (社会科学)



Research Paper

研究型论文,涉及建模、测试、市场调研、 数据分析、实证研究等



Literature Review

文献综述/文献评论,主要目的是为了注释 或评论某一特定领域的文献

Case Study

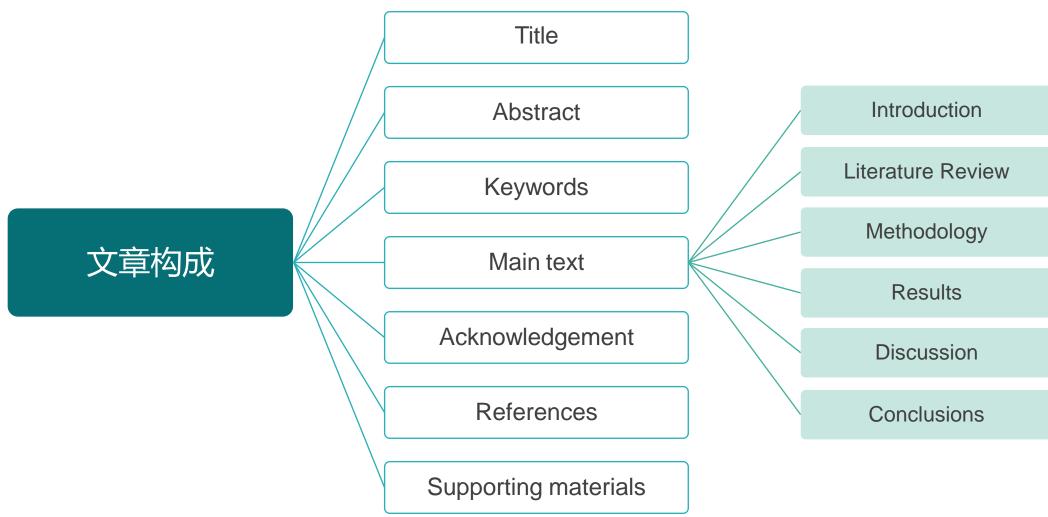
案例研究,主要描述实际案例或经验,具有一定的针对性和特殊性

其他

Technical Paper (技术型论文)
Conceptual Paper (理论/概念型论文)
General Review (一般性评论)
Viewpoint (观点)



Research Paper Structure





The effect of advertising strategies on a short video platform: evidence from TikTok

• 1. Introduction

• 2. Literature Review

- 2.1 Two advertising strategies
- 2.2 Online traffic
- 2.3 Business model for short video platform

3. Theoretical Background

- 3.1 Effect of in-feed advertising
- 3.2 Effect of KOL endorsement
- 3.3 Moderating effect of product price
- 3.4 Moderating effect of cumulative videos

• 4. Methodology

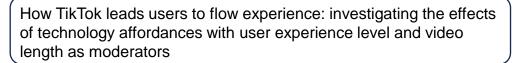
- 4.1 Data and variables
- 4.2 Model-free
- 4.3 Model specification

• 5. Results

• 5.1 Robustness check

• 6. Discussions

- 6.1 Key findings
- 6.2 Theoretical implications
- 6.3 Practical implications
- 6.4 Limitation and future scope



• 1. Introduction

• 2. Literature Review and research hypotheses

- 2.1 Flow experience
- 2.2 Antecedents to flow

3. Research methodology

- 3.1 Measurement items
- 3.2 Data collection

• 4. Results

- 4.1 Testing the measurement model
- 4.2 Testing the structural model
- 4.3 A post hoc moderating effect test

• 5. Discussion and implications

- 5.1 Discussion
- 5.2 Theoretical implications
- 5.3 Practical implications

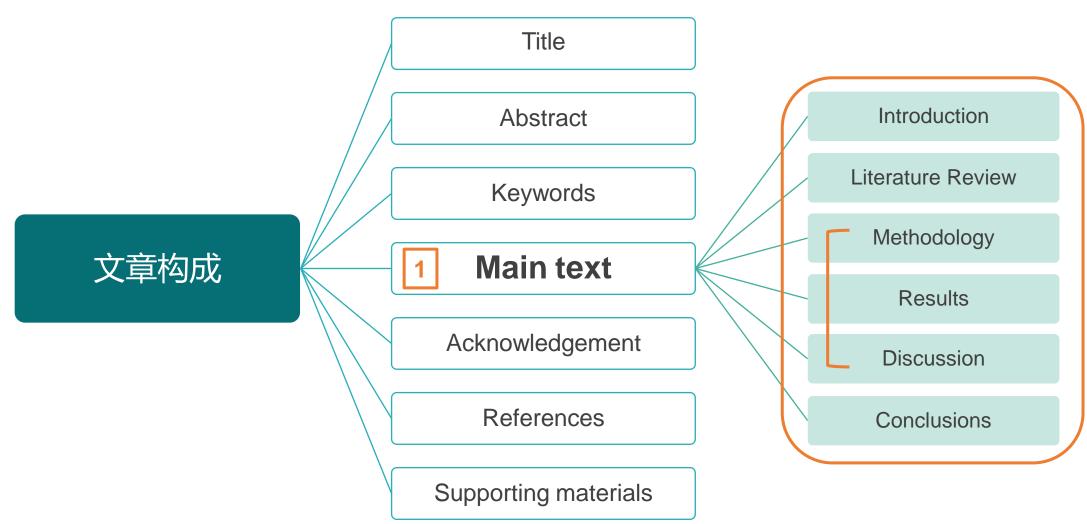
• 6. Conclusions

• 6.4 Limitation and future scope





Writing Priorities





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主编调研: 大多数的缺陷通常在论文的哪个部分?

A) 方法: 55% B) 讨论: 24%

C) 结果: 21% D) 引言: 0%

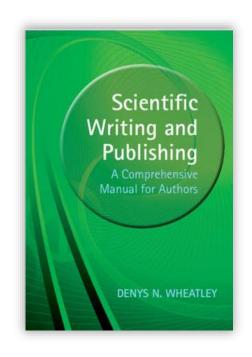
内容: (1)如何收集和得出数据? (2)如何分析数据?

文字: 描述准确、详尽、清晰、简洁——说明为什么选择

这种方法,证明该方法使用后的研究有效性

提供足够的信息,以便读者能够重复试验或推导过程

原则:全面、短小、简洁,一般而言不需要图片或数据;





Methods

Sample and data collection procedure

The research context was Portuguese restaurants in Macau, a competitive destination for gourmet food. Accompanying the development of casino business and leisure activities, various eateries have flourished in Macau. Today, a plethora of international cuisines exist, ranging from French, Italian and German to Japanese, Korean, Cambodian, Thai and Indian. The most distinctive cuisine in Macau is Portuguese as a result of Portugal's more than 400 years of colonial rule. The cuisine was inscribed in the Macau Intangible Cultural Heritage List in 2012 and eating Portuguese food has become one of the must-be-experienced tourist activities in Macau.

The study samples were mainland Chinese and Taiwanese, who constitute the major tourist markets in Macau. Mainland China and Taiwan have a vast heterogeneous market, and consumer behavior can be affected by the economic conditions as manifested in purchasing power, attitudes, lifestyles, media use and consumption patterns (Cui and Liu, 2000; Sun and Wu, 2004). Thus, the profile of these respondents fits the research purpose of this study.

The data were acquired from two different sources: primary survey data were collected by the authors and secondary data were collected from the statistical authority in China and Taiwan (see details in subsequent sections). The survey procedure was conducted in several steps. First, a list of Portuguese restaurants was created; 23 full-service outlets were included in the study on the basis of accessibility, food authenticity and popularity. Second, a quota sample was established from the selected restaurants by targeting 25-30 respondents for popular restaurants and 5-10 respondents for less popular ones. Then, field investigators were assigned to intercept diners outside the corresponding restaurants while exiting the venues after finishing their meals. Respondents were greeted and introduced to the survey objective. A filter question was asked to ensure that subjects were tourists from mainland China or Taiwan. To reduce response bias, a systematic sampling method was used in which field investigators approached every third diner exiting a selected restaurant. Non-responders were replaced by the next available subject.

The questionnaire was originally designed in English and then translated into Chinese. It was modified based on multiple rounds of refinements; finally, it was back translated into English for accuracy. A pilot test was conducted with 12 respondents to improve the quality of the questionnaire.

研究背景

指明研究对象

阐释研究对象的 合理性

数据来源

详细介绍实验方法: 抽样调查、 问卷调查等

对实验的补充说 明



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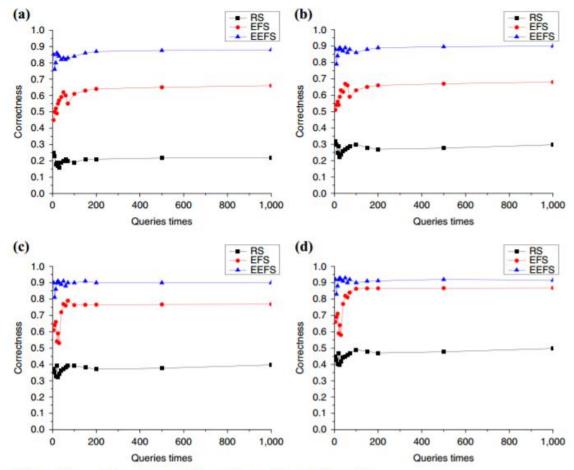
References

Results是论文贡献的集中体现,是整篇论文的立足点

- ① 介绍:
 - 1. logical > chronological;
 - 2. Most relevant: 简要描述最重要最相关实验、调研或观察结果 (实际上实验大部分可能都与您的论点无关);
- ② 评论:对结果的简要说明、解释、与模型或他人结果的比较等。

图表/文字:避免重复描述;数据尽可能完整





Notes: (a) $\tau = 10 \,\text{cm}$; (b) $\tau = 15 \,\text{cm}$; (c) $\tau = 20 \,\text{cm}$; (d) $\tau = 30 \,\text{cm}$

Observed from Figure 3, the proposed strategies: EFS and EEFS are significantly superior to RS. The correctness of EFS is close to 70 percent when $\tau \leq 15$ cm. As τ increases, the curve of EFS is close to EEFS and it can reach nearly 85 percent. The main reason is that the contributions of end users' feedbacks will be reduced when the relaxing of τ reaches some point.

On the other hand, in the four sub-figures of Figure 3, it is easy to discover that for each sub-figure the three curves tend to be a straight line after the queries times are larger than 25. The reason has the following two issues. The first one is because with the increasing of queries times the queries results have achieved the "best" solution and it cannot optimize the results further even though increasing the users' feedbacks. The second one is that when the queries times are large enough, increasing the users' feedbacks are invalid to increase the correctness, once the data provided by the data sources are all error. The results selected from them are certainly the wrong choices. This problem can be resolved by introducing the existing mechanisms to help data sources improve their "bad" data.



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在讨论部分重复总结研究结果仍是当今许多论文的常见问题

Example: We have investigated the way in which CYTp1 interacts with Apel2 in the mouse 3T3 fibroblasts system. Our Main results shows that when both genes were fully expressed under normal conditions of cell culture, intracellular glucose levels rose from 12.3 μ M to 21.9 μ M.

Discussion的重要功能:

- 1、解释研究结果 (address doubts) ,可对比/联系其他研究;
- 2、阐述研究结果的意义 (Relate results to wider context);
- 3、说明研究局限性,点明未来研究方向;

Checks! 确保discussion和introduction内容平衡,相互补充,但并不重复。



Discussion

研究與明

The academic debate on supply chain skills started by Murphy and Poist (1991) and van Hoek (2001) is still ongoing (Bak and Boulocher-Passet, 2013; Myers et al., 2004; Sohal, 2013; Dubey and Gunasekaran, 2015). An understanding of the "bigger picture" of supply chain skills is deemed to be necessary to bridge the gap between the supply chain needs and associated skills required (Bak and Boulocher-Passet, 2013). Previous research on supply chain management skills covered the USA, Australia and the Far East (Bak and Boulocher-Passet, 2013) with few providing a general outlook on UK supply chain skills needs (van Hoek, 2001; van Hoek et al., 2011). Hence, the current study based on a UK university has provided an insight into the skills impact and changing focus on key supply chain skills in an increasingly competitive global environment.

First, the changing competitive global environment indicated the inclusion of new supply chain skills requiring specialist training in areas such as lean, six sigma, CPC and regulations. An understanding of the application of regulations has been identified as a crucial requirement as part of decision-making skills, especially in relation to national and international laws and regulations (e.g. environment, exports, imports) and rules and regulations involving health and safety and employment law because many management decisions are bound by both external laws and internal rules and regulations.

Second, the findings indicated that not all skills are weighted equally and different levels of emphasis have been placed by the respondents on the identified skills. For example, although previously identified as a key enabler within the supply chain (Bowersox, 2002; Kirby, 2003; Mangan and Christopher, 2005),

at university, with some also having exposure to workplace stress through undertaking an industrial placement year. Although graduates are well equipped with technical supply chain skills, the findings supported a greater emphasis towards the behavioural, decision-making and people management skills, highlighting key areas for further research. The inclusion of skills identified (behavioural, decision-making and people management skills), business ethics and specialist training (i.e. six sigma, CPC) can be further developed through innovative and collaborative relationships between industry and higher education, such as mentorship schemes and company based projects.

However, it should be noted that the findings are relevant to one UK-based university setting and its stakeholders based on 25 skills assessed and may not reflect other UK universities, where variances across supply chain teaching might exist (Mangan and Christopher, 2005). Indeed, a need for a wider UK based study was evident through successive calls by researchers undertaking studies on supply chain management; current education provision, practitioner viewpoints; future supply chain skills needs and collaboration between industry and teaching (van Hoek et al., 2011; Bak and Boulocher-Passet, 2013). Hence, the findings of the study need to be tested in a wider UK higher education setting.

Conclusion and research implications

This study began with a discussion of existing supply chain skills identified in the academic literature. The discussion surrounding supply chain skills needs is not new (Bowersox, 2002; Kirby, 2003; Mangan and Christopher, 2005; van Hoek et al., 2011; Bak and Boulocher-Passet, 2013), although the emphasis on specific skills areas has evolved over time. Supply



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从 已知信息 到 未知信息

1. 研究背景:研究领域的信息,为读者提供研究背景,以突出研究的重要性和意义 (注意不要太宽泛)

2. 研究成果: 其他研究人员的研究成果 (已知信息)

3. 当今空白: 表明研究的意义,填补现今研究空白 (未知信息)

4. 目的/目标:描述本文的主要研究内容

5. 合理性/价值



Introduction

1. Introduction

In recent years, with the rapid development of the internet and information technology, leading companies highly value the virtual brand community because of its unique superiority. In virtual brand communities, companies can not only acquire customers' timely feedback on products and services, but also identify loyal customers according to their behaviors (e.g. giving advice and participating in exciting programs and creative design activities).

With more and more companies realizing the value of virtual brand community, featured companies worldwide have been establishing their virtual brand community these years. Successful examples in China include Weiphone (the Chinese virtual brand community of Apple Inc.), Huafen Club (the fan club of Huawei) and Xiaomi BBS (the BBS of Xiaomi). As a virtual brand community that has millions of active users, Huafen Club has over 40m registered users, and the average posting amount is above 200,000 per day. User-generated content in this club has been a strong and convincing advertisement for Huawei. Moreover, by participating in activities of the virtual brand community, customers can satisfy their demand, such as helping improve products/services and getting rewards and trust from other community members. It allows customers to perceive more value from this brand, and in turn, further reinforces their willingness to participate in value co-creation.

As mentioned above, customers' participation in value co-creation is beneficial to companies as well as to themselves. From the perspective of companies, customers involving in value co-creation can help develop new products/services by the wisdom of crowds. Besides, the feedback from customers can help companies improve service quality, and in turn, these companies will perform better and gain customer loyalty (Casaló *et al.*, 2007). And for customers, participating in value co-creation can not only help them satisfy their needs and gain a sense of achievement, but also give them a chance to gain extra rewards (i.e. material and mental rewards) from the company, and also gain admiration from other community members. This indicates the importance for companies to understand the factors influencing customers' willingness to participate in value co-creation of the virtual brand community because it is the foundation and the guarantee of improving customer satisfaction and customer loyalty.

However, most extant literature focused on the construction of virtual brand communities and customer participation behaviors (Dholakia *et al.*, 2004; Royo-Vela and Casamassima, 2011; Kaur *et al.*, 2018). As there is limited research that explores the factors influencing customers participating in value co-creation of virtual brand communities, this study aims to investigate the following two questions:

- RQ1. In virtual brand communities, which factors will influence customers' willingness to participate in value co-creation?
- RQ2. How does customer's involvement moderates the relationship between influencing factors and users' willingness to participate in value co-creation?

研究背景

理论铺垫 前人研究

转折,强调本研究的独特性(非必须)

本文主要研究内容



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- 文献综述并不是简单的参考文献罗列
- 描述、分析、总结、疑问

引用文献选取过程

- 1. 确定研究问题,缩小检索范围
- 2. 文献检索:期刊、图书、报纸、政府报告等
- 3. 文献评估: 时效性、权威性、质量
- 4. 总结分析: 观点异同, 疑问 (甚至是质疑)



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尽量避免总结全文、避免与Discussion重复论述!

- 说明研究假设、简练概括研究内容、结果、结论; (Monir points being left aside)
- 在Discussion基础上,进一步强调价值,以及应用前景等;
- 可在此着重体现论文的国际视野



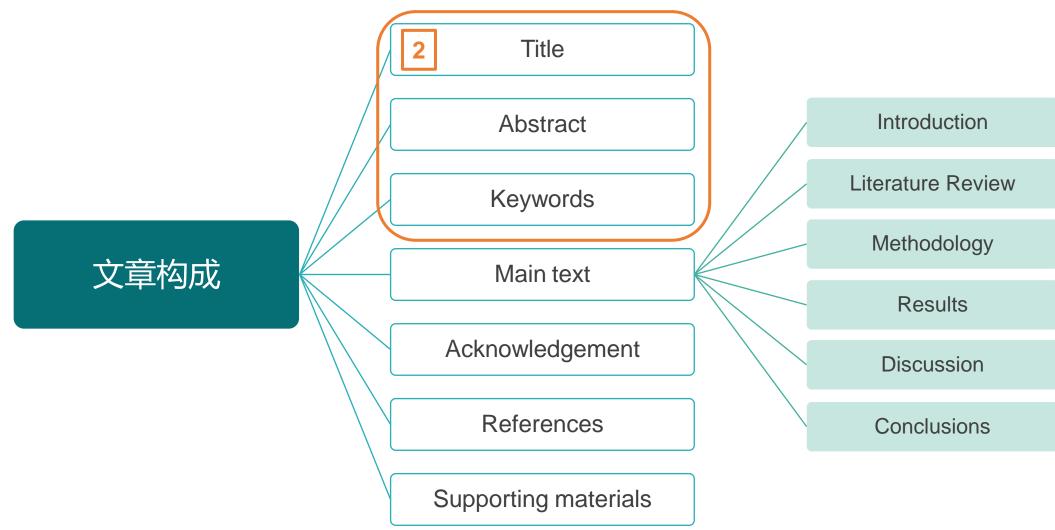
意义

9. Conclusions

This research investigated the impact of compatibility, relative advantage, perceived 研究 enjoyment, complexity, perceived cost, perceived value, and PAFS on purchase intentions. The proposed model and empirical findings contribute a more thorough understanding of users' behavioral intentions to purchase a GPS navigation app. Specifically, this study makes three important contributions to the theoretical development of app purchase behaviors. First, the authors modified and extended VAM to explain users' behavioral intention to purchase a paid GPS navigation app. This has rarely been explored in the existing literature. Thus, this study points app purchase behavior research to a new direction. Second, findings are evidence that compatibility, relative advantage, perceived enjoyment, complexity, and perceived cost significantly influence purchase intentions through the mediation of perceived value. Importantly, perceived cost was found to be significantly and positively related to perceived value. Third, the empirical results indicate that PAFS weakens the positive relationship between perceived value and purchase intentions. This is a new finding that helps fill the knowledge gap related to the moderating effect of PAFS on purchase intention in previous research.



Metadata & Promotion





Title, Abstracts, Key words



重点检索区域→文章推广

吸引关注,提高被发现、被阅读、被引用的概率

是给主编的第一印象!!

要考虑的问题:

- ① 潜在读者会检索什么?
- ② 如何选择合适的用词、用句?
- ③ 同行阅读,是否产生读下去的兴趣?



Search Engine Optimization

• 如何根据搜索引擎特点优化标题、摘要与关键词?

搜索引擎 (例如Google) 为 Springer与Wiely期刊提供了 50%~60%的流量;

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1、论文标题:描述性、简洁、包含关键词,且出现得越前越好;

2、摘要: 200字的摘要里最好出现2~3次关键词,要明显表现学科领域;如

有近义词,需纳入以扩大检索的可能性;

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4、自然:保持自然避免刻意,否则会被谷歌Un-index



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- · 简练 (20个单词以内、减少不常被检索的词,例如a/an/the/research on...)
- 具体 (避免笼统,可包含研究方法、具体对象等具体信息)
- 引发兴趣 (避免在标题给出结论)

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The effect of advertising strategies on a short video platform: evidence from TikTok		
How TikTok leads users to flow experience: investigating the effects of technology affordances with user experience level and video length as moderators		
Consumers' purchase intentions in social commerce: the role of social psychological distance, perceived value, and perceived cognitive effort		
Research on the development path of China's digital trade under the background of the digital economy		
Exploring the metaverse in the digital economy: an overview and research framework	12	
The influence of Internet shopping and use of credit cards on gender differences in compulsive buying		
Detecting the research structure and topic trends of social media using static and dynamic probabilistic topic models		
The impact of social presence and facilitation factors on online consumers' impulse buying in live shopping – celebrity endorsement as a moderating factor		
The business models of NFTs and fan tokens and how they build trust		
Generalized grey information entropy weight TOPSIS model for financial performance evaluation considering differentiation		



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论文的微缩模型

- ① ≤ 250单词,直接给出重要结论
- ② 内容: 研究目的、研究方法、研究发现、研究价值、研究意义
- ③ Emerald采用结构型摘要
- ④ 行文中用醒目的字体(加粗、全部大写、或斜体) 直接标出内容提要。

Abstract

- Purpose The purpose of this paper is to juxtapose the contemporary views of industrial relations (IR) and human resource management (HRM) with the ideas expressed by Chester Barnard.
- Design/methodology/approach The paper analyses Chester Barnard's views along the four premises that underlie contemporary perspectives on the fields of IR and HRM.
- Findings Barnard's main points: that sincerity and honesty of management is crucial to developing an individual employee's will to collaborate, and that collective cooperation is superior to collective bargaining are found to resonate well with the contemporary views and provide a clear indication for Barnard's preference of human resource perspective to the IR perspective.
- Practical/Social implications This paper provides Barnard's practical insights into why
 managing IR and HR by policies leads to poor management.
- Originality/value This paper is the first to recognize Barnard's unique contribution to contemporary perspectives on IR and HRM disciplines.



Keywords

为何重要: 主编邀请评审/读者检索/数据库、索引库收录

数量: 遵循期刊要求, 一般为4-6个

选择方向: 主题相关、细分学科 研究方法、要有国际思维

注意事项: 避免尚未广泛接受的缩写、避免过于专业的术语

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The effect of advertising strategies on a short video platform: evidence from TikTok

TikTok(douyin)

How TikTok leads users to flow experience: investigating the effects of technology affordances with user experience level and video length as moderators

Consumers' purchase intentions in social commerce: the role of social psychological distance, perceived value, and perceived cognitive effort

Research on the development path of China's digital trade under the background of the digital economy

Exploring the metaverse in the digital economy: an overview and research framework

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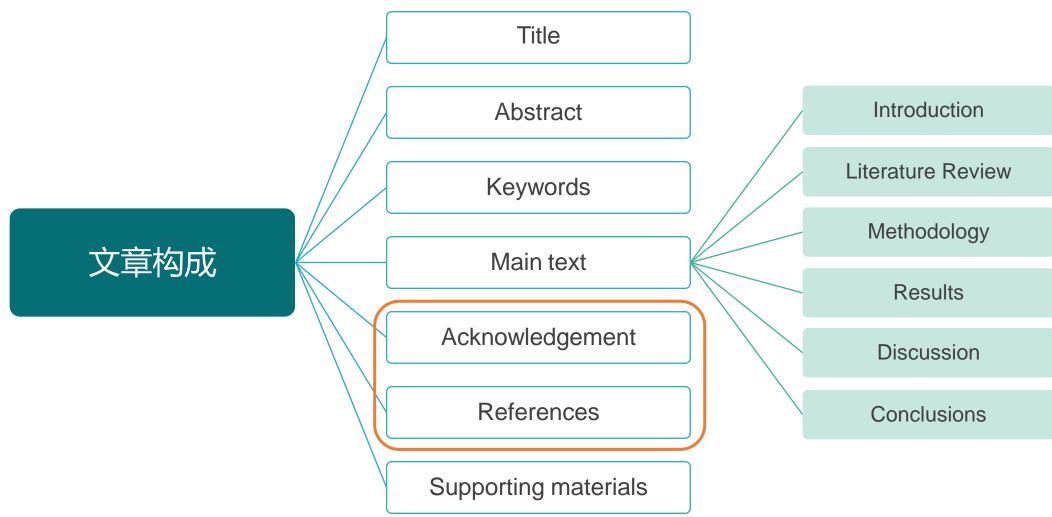
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Final Parts





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Acknowledgements

- Source images used in this paper are downloaded from www.imagefusion.org. This work was supported in part by National Natural
- Science Fund of China under grants 61702347, 61401308 and 61572063, the Natural Science Fund of Hebei Province under grants F2018210148, F2016201142, F2016201187 and F2017210161, and Education Department of Hebei Province under grant QN2017132. The authors also thank the anonymous referees for their valuable suggestions.
- ① 任何个人或机构在研究上的帮助,包括提供实验材料、协作实验工作、 提供有益的启发、承担某些辅助性工作,等等。
- ② 外部的基金帮助,如资助、协议或奖学金,有时还需要附注资助项目号、合同书编号。



Permission request: 获取第三方授权许可



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文后参考文献列表中提供所引文献的详细信息,参考文献列表以

作者姓氏的字母顺序排序。



• Harvard: (作者姓,出版年)

• APA: (作者姓,出版年)

• MLA: (作者姓 页码)

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Reference -Example

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The effect of advertising strategies on a short video platform: evidence from TikTok	8400	57条	Harvard	91.2%	46%
How TikTok leads users to flow experience: investigating the effects of technology affordances with user experience level and video length as moderators	13000	113条	Harvard	100%	45%
Consumers' purchase intentions in social commerce: the role of social psychological distance, perceived value, and perceived cognitive effort	9600	84条	Harvard	100%	62%
Research on the development path of China's digital trade under the background of the digital economy	6500	32条	APA	62.5%	75%
Exploring the metaverse in the digital economy: an overview and research framework	11000	114条	Harvard	99.9%	71%
The influence of Internet shopping and use of credit cards on gender differences in compulsive buying	9900	103条	Harvard	99%	39%
Detecting the research structure and topic trends of social media using static and dynamic probabilistic topic models	9800	115条	Harvard	99%	49%
The impact of social presence and facilitation factors on online consumers' impulse buying in live shopping – celebrity endorsement as a moderating factor	9600	90条	Harvard	92%	60%
The business models of NFTs and fan tokens and how they build trust	6300	22条	Harvard	100%	73%
Generalized grey information entropy weight TOPSIS model for financial performance evaluation considering differentiation	4200	23条	Harvard	60%	91.3%







国际期刊投稿指南

Guide to paper submission

目标期刊选择方式

Step 1

常阅读/引用

关键词检索

同行推荐

按学科检索

- International Journal of Operations & Production
 Management
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- Supply Chain Management

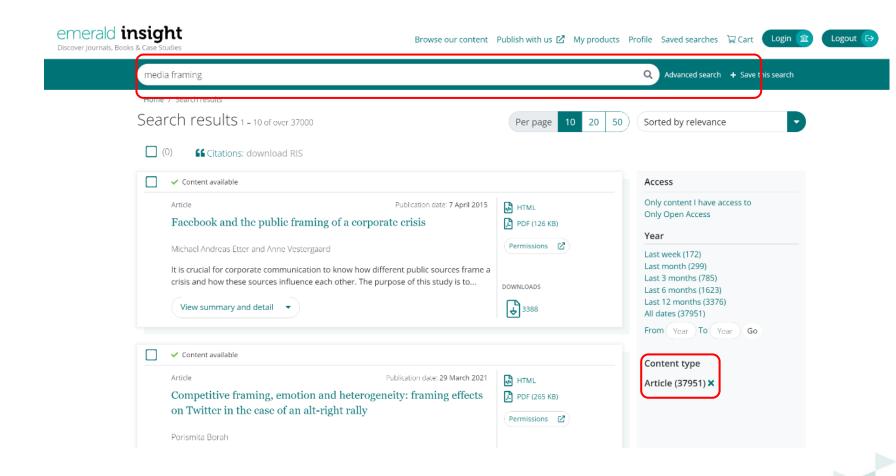




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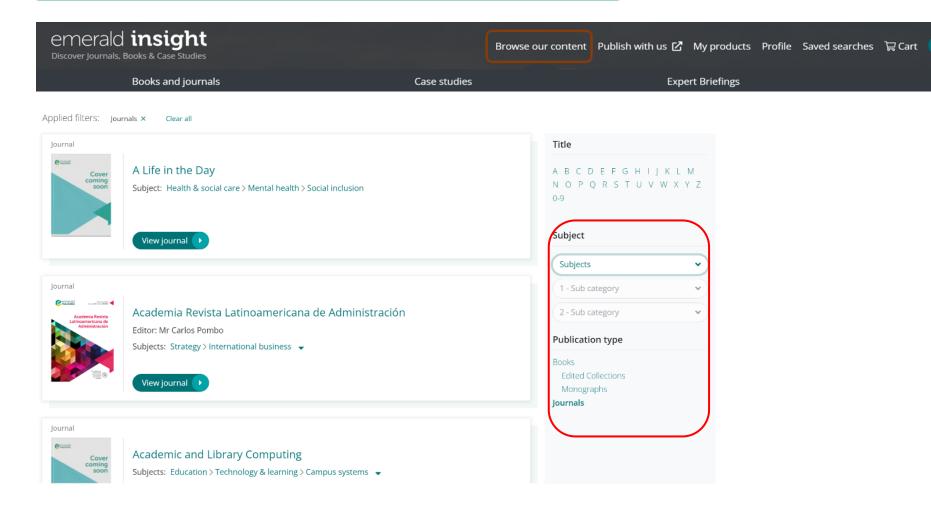
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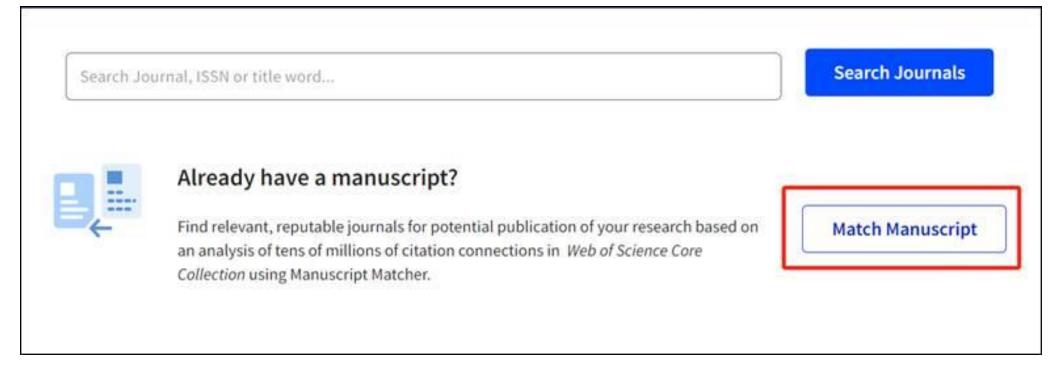


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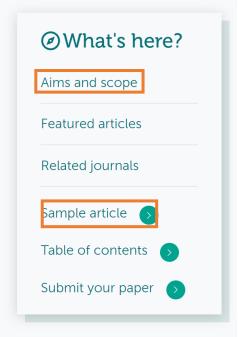
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文章格式调整

仔细核对期刊的作者指南

- 字数限制 (6000-10000)
- 英式英语 vs 美式英语 (少数期刊)
- 参考文献格式 (Harvard/APA/MLA)
- 文本格式: Word > PDF/LaTeX
 https://www.latex-project.org/
- 分辨率 (300dpi) 、格式 (pdf/ai/eps > tif/jpeg/bmp)
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(*文中对应位置插入图表并标记序号Table 1/Figure 1+单独提供原始文件)

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All Figures should be of high quality, legible and numbered consecutively with arabic numerals. Graphics may be supplied in colour to facilitate their appearance on the online database.

- Figures created in MS Word, MS PowerPoint, MS Excel, Illustrator should be supplied in their native formats. Electronic figures created in other applications should be copied from the origination software and pasted into a blank MS Word document or saved and imported into an MS Word document or alternatively create a .pdf file from the origination software.
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- Covering letter 建议随附上,包含有效信息:
- a. 陈述向这本期刊投稿的原因
- b. 文章与众不同之处 (期刊范围)

I am submitting this article to Journal of Documentation. You will see that it deals with public library management, which I appreciate is outside JDoc's normal scope. However, it focuses on the novel application of a theoretical model to the topic, and hence I think it is appropriate for JDoc.

.

虽然本文的研究对象为公共图书馆,并不属于贵刊的一般研究范围,但是,本文重点关注的是该课题理论模型的*新应用*,因此也同样符合贵刊的研究方向。

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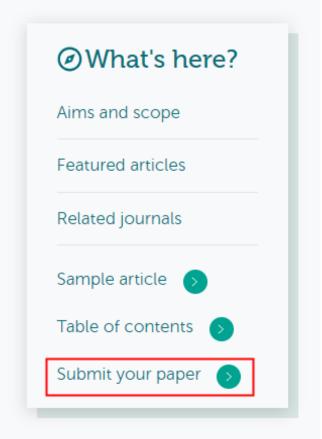
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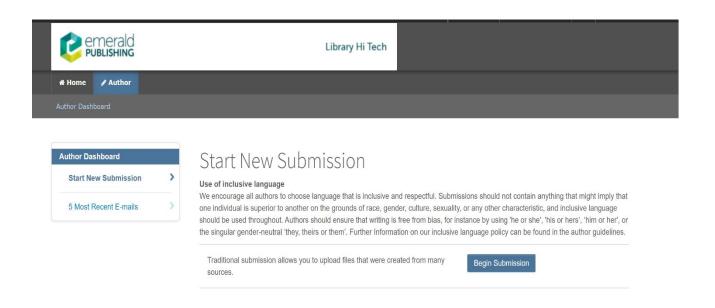






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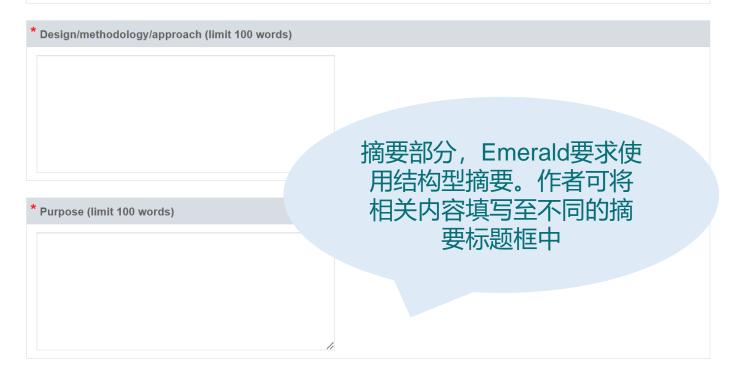
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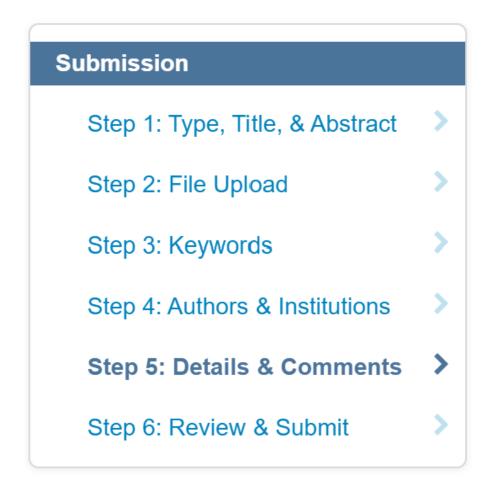
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Editor Decision 主编决定

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Revise/Accept 修改/接收

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・ 审稿周期 (理想情况: 3-4月)

▶主编初审: 2-4周

▶邀请评审: 2-4周

▶评审: 6-8周

▶主编决定: 2周

Production 制作



国际期刊投稿 —— Revision Notes

Ref # Reviewer Comment

Better grounding of the problem. Parts of the front-end of the paper read like a tutorial-like introduction of action research. In a rewrite, there are two things that I would like to see instead.

I would expect a clearer attempt to establish the research-practice gap as an intellectual challenge. This is the main theme of the paper and it would therefore be useful to substantiate your understanding of this gap beyond the surface level.

Next comment

Author Response

You imply that you do not wish to see a tutorial to CAR (even though one reviewer thinks that this is needed since some sections of the MISQ readership may not be familiar with CAR). We concur with you and have removed the tutorial aspects. The front end of the paper (pages 2-5) has been revised in order to outline the research and practical problems that we focused on.

We agree that the research-practice gap needs to be positioned clearly as an intellectual challenge (as highlighted on page 3). We have now deliberately positioned the paper in this way with the challenge manifested in the action-research dichotomy, where either action or research tends to be the focus of action research projects (as explained on page 3). We also substantiate our arguments better in the broader CAR literature (as detailed from pages 5-14).

Next response



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- Solution: 仔细阅读每本期刊的 Author Guideline
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- Solution: 投稿前先将摘要发给期刊 主编,如方向不符,另择期刊投稿
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改善论文可读性,降低被拒概率

et al., 2012; Jung and Lee, 2018; Breslow et al., 2013; Johnson-Farmer and Frenn, 2009).; Jung and Lee, 2018). Therefore, understanding adult professionals U-LE regarding behavior, cognition, and

In the u-learning field, most ... toward academic settings for looking at students i...

However, the learning characteristics processes between adult employees and students at school are quite different, since employees' learning is usually associate associated with ... students' U-LE are not obviously effective have no obvious effect on adult employees and less little is known about affecting factors on employees' U-LE. Thus, ..., instructors, and corporate training directors has less references have fewer resources derived from research to makedevelop a more ... effectiveness (i.ei.e., -intended outcomes and, LE learning engagement (U-LE), its ... mechanism.

Moreover, previous studies denoted that system functionalities, (e.g., such as Domaindomain-specific innovativeness (DSI) factors) and system implementation, (e.g., such as interface design (ID) factors), may significantly affect user the user's experience and their feelings, from a learning system design perspective (Cho et al., 2009; Hsiao, 2013; Islam,



Remark: Consider specifying the age range of the employees for better clarity regarding the sample discussed here.

Autl

Tip: American-British Style→AmE serial comma: In American English, a comma (called serial or Oxford comma) is inserted before "and" in a series of three or more items. ↔

____ Autho

Tip: Comma: i.e. and e.g. (AmE): In American English, place a comma after the latin abbreviations "i.e.," and "e.g.,"





THANKS

高瑛键 bm9@emeraldinsight.com.cn

